## Practice Quiz 11

Statistics 200 Dr. Nancy Pfenning Spring 2018

1. (10 pts.) Salary (in millions) was regressed on batting average for a sample of 6 baseball players in 2004.

The regression equation is Salary = - 28.9 + 122 BattingAverage Predictor Coef SE Coef Τ Ρ Constant -28.947 8.700 -3.330.029 121.55 30.32 4.01 0.016 BattingA S = 1.574R-Sq = 80.1%R-Sq(adj) = 75.1%

- (a) Explain why it makes sense for the relationship to be positive.
- (b) The P-value and the value of R-Sq together tell us that there is
  - i. weak evidence of a weak relationship between batting average and salary
  - ii. weak evidence of a strong relationship between batting average and salary
  - iii. strong evidence of a weak relationship between batting average and salary
  - iv. strong evidence of a strong relationship between batting average and salary
- (c) We seek evidence regarding the slope of the regression line for the
  - (i) sample of 6 players (ii) population of all players
- (d) Inference for regression leads us to conclude that the slope
  - (i) may equal zero (ii) equals zero (iii) does not equal zero
- (e) Would a confidence interval for the slope contain zero? (Answer yes or no.)
- (f) Output is shown when interval estimates are requested for a batting average of 0.3. Which interval estimates the mean salary of all players whose batting average is 0.3?

New Obs Fit SE Fit 95.0% CI 95.0% PI 1 7.518 0.767 ( 5.387, 9.648)( 2.656, 12.379) Values of Predictors for New Observations New Obs BattingA 1 0.300

(g) One particular player with a batting average of 0.3 earned a salary of 4.917 million. Based on the appropriate interval, is this surprisingly low, or is it "in the right ballpark"?