Name:	Lecture time (10 or 11 or 12):
Lab Pro	oblems 1-4
Statistics 020 Dr. Nancy F	
1. (5 pts.)	How many credits were surveyed students taking?
	That variable or variables are involved? For each variable, tell whether it is nantitative or categorical.
` '	efore you even look at the data, try to make a rough guess for each of the llowing: [If you're completely clueless, just answer with a "?".]
	i. (center) mean:median:
	i. (spread) standard deviation: range:to i. shape: Do you expect outliers? (Explain briefly.)
Fi m	se MINITAB Basics Examples C-F to find the following: ive Number Summary:
` '	ummarize your findings in one or two sentences. Be sure to express your results becifically in terms of the variable(s) of interest, and mention to what extent the

results match your guesses in (b).

- 2. (5 pts.) For surveyed students, how do the shoesizes of males compare to those of females?
 - (a) What variable or variables are involved? For each variable, tell whether it is quantitative or categorical.
 - (b) **Before you even look at the data**, try to make a reasonable guess for each of the following:
 - i. Which group will have a higher center (or about the same)?_____
 - ii. Which group will have more spread (or about the same)?_____
 - iii. What shapes do you expect?

 Do you expect outliers?
 - (c) Use MINITAB Basics Example I to make a comparison:
 - i. Does one group have a considerably higher center?
 - ii. Does one group have more spread?
 - iii. Compare the shapes.
 - (d) **Summarize** your findings in one or two sentences. Be sure to express your results specifically in terms of the variable(s) of interest, and mention to what extent the results match your guesses in (b).

3.	\ _	ts.) Does living on or off campus depend at all on whether a surveyed student is e or female?
	(a)	What variable or variables are involved? For each variable, tell whether it is quantitative or categorical. Which variable (if any) should play the role of explanatory
		variable?
	(b)	Before you even look at the data , do you expect the variables to be dependent?
	(c)	Use MINITAB Basics Example U to produce a two-way table of counts and row percents. Does one group have a considerably higher proportion on campus?
	(d)	Summarize your findings in one or two sentences. Be sure to express your results specifically in terms of the variable(s) of interest, and mention to what extent the results match your guesses in (b).

4. (5 pts.) How are surveyed students' heights and weights related?	
(a) What variable or variables are involved? For each variable, tell whether it is quantitative or categorical.	
Which, if any, would be the obvious choice for explanatory variable?	
(b) Before you even look at the data , try to make a reasonable guess for each of the following: [If you're completely clueless, just answer with a "?".]	
i. form (linear or curved):	
ii. direction (positive, negative, or none):	
iii. strength (strong, moderate, or weak): Do you expect outliers? (Explain briefly.)	
 (c) Use MINITAB Basics Example Q (only the relevant parts) to answer the following: Does the scatterplot show a roughly linear form? What is the regression line equation? What is the value of the correlation r? What is the typical residual size s? (d) Summarize your findings in one or two sentences. Be sure to express your results specifically in terms of the variable(s) of interest, and mention to what extent the results match your guesses in (b). 	