## Chem 2430: HW set #4

1. Using ladder operators evaluate  $\langle 0 | x^4 | 0 \rangle$  and  $\frac{\left| \langle 0 | x^3 | 1 \rangle \right|^2}{\hbar \omega}$  and  $\frac{\left| \langle 0 | x^3 | 3 \rangle \right|^2}{3 \hbar \omega}$ 

2. If we measure  $L_z$  of a particle whose state function is an eigenfunction of  $\hat{L}^2$  with eigenvalue 6, what are the possible outcomes? Would this be different if we measured  $L_y$ 

3. For a rigid rotor diatomic molecule the rotational energy level go as

$$E = \frac{J(J+1)\hbar^2}{2I}, J = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$$
 The rotational constant is  $B = \hbar^2 / 2I$ 

Consider  $^1H^{35}Cl$ . For this molecule the first rotational transition is at 21.2 cm $^{-1}$ . What is the value of B? Calculate the bond length of the molecule.