Homework set # 4. Assigned Jan. 31, due Feb. 9.

- Consider a particle moving in a Morse potential. Solve using the Runge-Kutta method for the position and velocity as a function of t, with the initial condition with the oscillator stretched about 10% beyond Re as well as it stretched about 50% beyond Re, and with the initial velocity = 0. See http://jchemed.chem.wisc.edu/JCEDLib/SymMath/collection/007/FTAnharm.pdf
 If you prefer, you can use the distances described in this article. Describe how your results differ with the amount you stretch the bond and provide an explanation.
- 2. Does the differential equation analog of the logistic may show periodic doubling as the rate constant a is varied and extreme sensitivity to the initial value of x, for some values of a? Discuss your results.