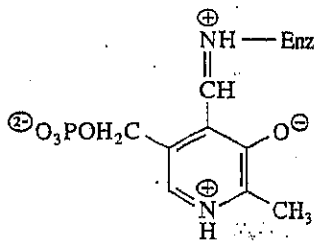


**BIOSC 1820**  
**Metabolic Pathways and Regulation**  
**Spring, 2010**  
**Prof. Jeffrey L. Brodsky**  
**Quiz #4**  
**March 24, 2010**

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

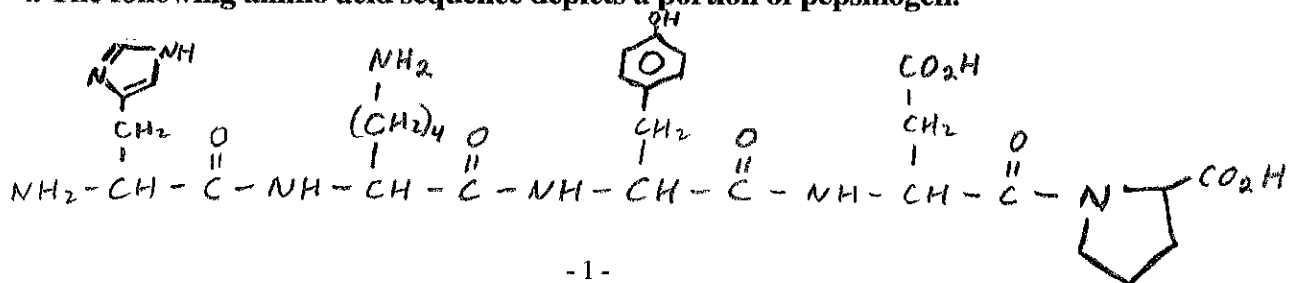
1. What is the name of the following cofactor? (do not simply state the name of the vitamin)



2. Draw the structure of the amino acid to which the cofactor/vitamin shown above is usually conjugated in an enzyme (you don't need to include the structure of the cofactor):

3. In which specific cells are amino acids absorbed in the digestive system?

4. The following amino acid sequence depicts a portion of pepsinogen.

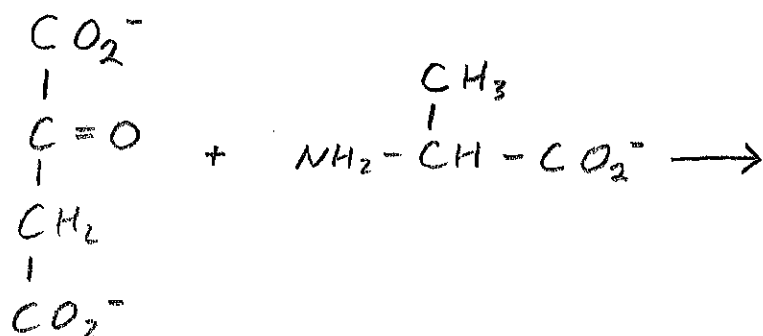


A. What is the name of the enzyme that cleaves and thus activates pepsinogen?

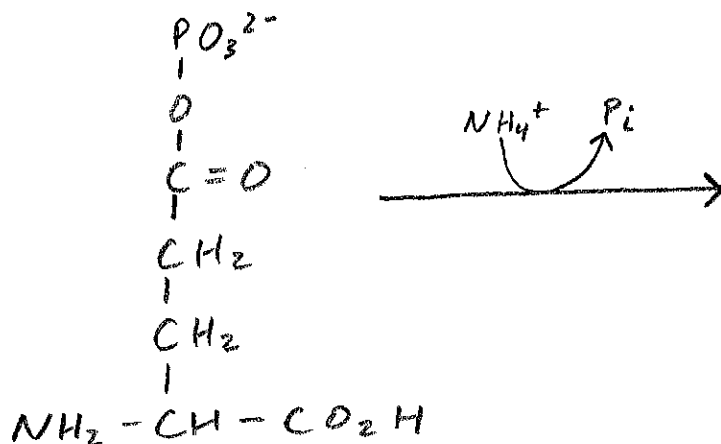
B. Draw an arrow in the sequence given above (question #4) that shows where this enzyme will cleave the peptide into two smaller peptides.

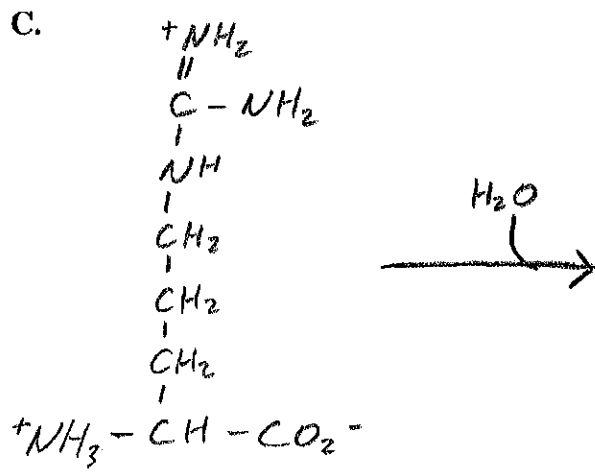
5. Draw the structures and give the names of the products of the following reactions:

A.

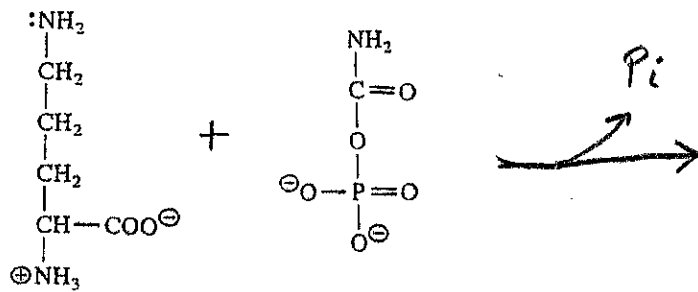


B.

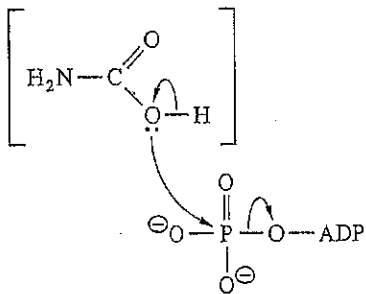




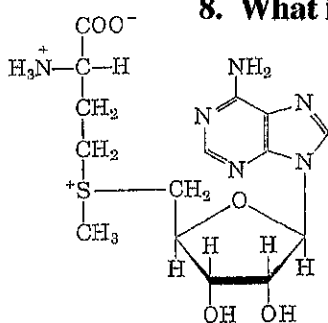
D.



6. The following is an intermediate in the reaction catalyzed by which enzyme?



7. What is the name of the enzyme that is defective in individuals who suffer from phenylketonuria?



**8. What is the proper/full name of the following molecule? What is it used for?**

**9. How does the 19S “cap” of the proteasome catalyze the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins?**

**10. Draw the structure of the amino acid on ubiquitin activating enzymes and on ubiquitin conjugating enzymes that becomes covalently attached to ubiquitin:**

**11. What are the two major precursors that accumulate in individuals with urea cycle disorders?**

*And, for the grand prize (i.e., one candy bar), provide a mnemonic for the intermediates in the Urea Cycle (the winner who makes us laugh the most will be announced at class next week):*